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local law enforcement or other government agency, including the State licensing agency;

- (ii) Any voluntary action by the manufacturer to remove defective or potentially defective drugs from the market; or
- (iii) Any action undertaken to promote public health and safety by replacing of existing merchandise with an improved product or new package design.
- (3) A procedure to ensure that wholesale drug distributors prepare for, protect against, and handle any crisis that affects security or operation of any facility in the event of strike, fire, flood, or other natural disaster, or other situations of local, State, or national emergency.
- (4) A procedure to ensure that any outdated prescription drugs shall be segregated from other drugs and either returned to the manufacturer or destroyed. This procedure shall provide for written documentation of the disposition of outdated prescription drugs. This documentation shall be maintained for 2 years after disposition of the outdated drugs.
- (h) Responsible persons. Wholesale drug distributors shall establish and maintain lists of officers, directors, managers, and other persons in charge of wholesale drug distribution, storage, and handling, including a description of their duties and a summary of their qualifications.
- (i) Compliance with Federal, State, and local law. Wholesale drug distributors shall operate in compliance with applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations.
- (1) Wholesale drug distributors shall permit the State licensing authority and authorized Federal, State, and local law enforcement officials to enter and inspect their premises and delivery vehicles, and to audit their records and written operating procedures, at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner, to the extent authorized by law.
- (2) Wholesale drug distributors that deal in controlled substances shall register with the appropriate State controlled substance authority and with the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), and shall comply with all appli-

cable State, local, and DEA regulations.

(j) Salvaging and reprocessing. Wholesale drug distributors shall be subject to the provisions of any applicable Federal, State, or local laws or regulations that relate to prescription drug product salvaging or reprocessing, including parts 207, 210, and 211 of this chapter.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0910-0251)

[55 FR 38023, Sept. 14, 1990, as amended at 64 FR 67763, Dec. 3, 1999]

# PART 206—IMPRINTING OF SOLID ORAL DOSAGE FORM DRUG PRODUCTS FOR HUMAN USE

Sec.

206.1 Scope.

206.3 Definitions.

206.7 Exemptions.

206.10 Code imprint required.

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 321, 331, 351, 352, 355, 371; 42 U.S.C. 262.

SOURCE: 58 FR 47958, Sept. 13, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

### § 206.1 Scope.

This part applies to all solid oral dosage form human drug products, including prescription drug products, overthe-counter drug products, biological drug products, and homeopathic drug products, unless otherwise exempted under § 206.7.

### § 206.3 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this part:

The act means the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.).

Debossed means imprinted with a mark below the dosage form surface.

Drug product means a finished dosage form, e.g., a tablet or capsule that contains a drug substance, generally, but not necessarily, in association with one or more other ingredients.

*Embossed* means imprinted with a mark raised above the dosage form surface.

Engraved means imprinted with a code that is cut into the dosage form surface after it has been completed.

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Imprinted means marked with an identification code by means of embossing, debossing, engraving, or printing with ink.

Manufacturer means the manufacturer as described in §§ 201.1 and 600.3(t) of this chapter.

Solid oral dosage form means capsules, tablets, or similar drug products intended for oral use.

### § 206.7 Exemptions.

- (a) The following classes of drug products are exempt from requirements of this part:
- (1) Drug products intended for use in a clinical investigation under section 505(i) of the act, but not including drugs distributed under a treatment IND under part 312 of this chapter or distributed as part of a nonconcurrently controlled study. Placebos intended for use in a clinical investigation are exempt from the requirements of this part if they are designed to copy the active drug products used in that investigation.
- (2) Drugs, other than reference listed drugs, intended for use in bioequivalence studies.
- (3) Drugs that are extemporaneously compounded by a licensed pharmacist, upon receipt of a valid prescription for an individual patient from a practitioner licensed by law to prescribe or administer drugs, to be used solely by the patient for whom they are prescribed.
- (4) Radiopharmaceutical drug products.
- (b) Exemption of drugs because of size or unique physical characteristics:
- (1) For a drug subject to premarket approval, FDA may provide an exemption from the requirements of \$206.10 upon a showing that the product's size, shape, texture, or other physical characteristics make imprinting technologically infeasible or impossible.
- (i) Exemption requests for products with approved applications shall be made in writing to the appropriate review division in the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER), Food and Drug Administration, 5901–B Ammendale Rd., Beltsville, MD 20705–1266 or the Food and Drug Administration, Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research, Document Control Cen-

- ter, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 71, Rm. G112, Silver Spring, MD 20993–0002. If FDA denies the request, the holder of the approved application will have 1 year after the date of an agency denial to imprint the drug product.
- (ii) Exemption requests for products that have not yet received approval shall be made in writing to the appropriate review division in CDER or CBER.
- (2) Any product not subject to premarket approval is exempt from the requirement of §206.10 if, based on the product's size, shape, texture, or other physical characteristics, the manufacturer or distributor of the product is prepared to demonstrate that imprinting the dosage form is technologically infeasible or impossible.
- (c) For drugs that are administered solely in controlled health care settings and not provided to patients for self-administration, sponsors may submit requests for exemptions from the requirements of this rule. Controlled settings include physicians' offices and other health care facilities. Exemption requests should be submitted in writing to the appropriate review division in CDER or CBER.

[58 FR 47958, Sept. 13, 1993, as amended at 70 FR 14981, Mar. 24, 2005; 74 FR 13112, Mar. 26, 2009; 80 FR 18091, Apr. 3, 2015]

# $\S 206.10$ Code imprint required.

- (a) Unless exempted under §206.7, no drug product in solid oral dosage form may be introduced or delivered for introduction into interstate commerce unless it is clearly marked or imprinted with a code imprint that, in conjunction with the product's size, shape, and color, permits the unique identification of the drug product and the manufacturer or distributor of the product. Identification of the drug product requires identification of its active ingredients and its dosage strength. Inclusion of a letter or number in the imprint, while not required, is encouraged as a more effective means of identification than a symbol or logo by itself. Homeopathic drug products are required only to bear an imprint that identifies the manufacturer and their homeopathic nature.
- (b) A holder of an approved application who has, under §314.70 (b) of this

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chapter, supplemented its application to provide for a new imprint is not required to bring its product into compliance with this section during the pendency of the agency's review. Once the review is complete, the drug product is subject to the requirements of the rule.

- (c) A solid oral dosage form drug product that does not meet the requirement for imprinting in paragraph (a) of this section and is not exempt from the requirement may be considered adulterated and misbranded and may be an unapproved new drug.
- (d) For purposes of this section, *code* imprint means any single letter or number or any combination of letters and numbers, including, e.g., words, company name, and National Drug Code, or a mark, symbol, logo, or monogram, or a combination of letters, numbers, and marks or symbols, assigned by a drug firm to a specific drug product.

[58 FR 47958, Sept. 13, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 19846, Apr. 21, 1995; 69 FR 18763, Apr. 8, 2004]

# PART 207—REGISTRATION OF PRO-DUCERS OF DRUGS AND LISTING OF DRUGS IN COMMERCIAL DIS-TRIBUTION

# Subpart A—General

Sec.

207.3 Definitions.

207.7 Establishment registration and product listing for human blood and blood products and for medical devices

### Subpart B—Exemptions

207.10 Exemptions for establishments.

## Subpart C—Procedures for Domestic Drug Establishments

- $207.20\,$  Who must register and submit a drug list.
- 207.21 Times for registration and drug listing.
- 207.22 How and where to register and list drugs.
- 207.25 Information required in registration and drug listing.
- 207.26 Amendments to registration.
- 207.30  $\,$  Updating drug listing information.
- 207.31  $\,$  Additional drug listing information.
- 207.35 Notification of registrant; drug establishment registration number and drug listing number.

- 207.37 Inspection of registrations and drug listings.
- 207.39 Misbranding by reference to registration or to registration number.

### Subpart D—Procedure for Foreign Drug Establishments

207.40 Establishment registration and drug listing requirements for foreign establishments.

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 321, 331, 351, 352, 355, 360, 360b, 371, 374, 381, 393; 42 U.S.C. 262, 264, 271.

SOURCE: 45 FR 38043, June 6, 1980, unless otherwise noted.

### Subpart A—General

#### § 207.3 Definitions.

- (a) The following definitions apply to this part:
- (1) Act means the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act approved June 25, 1938 (52 Stat. 1040 et seq., as amended (21 U.S.C. 301–392)), except as otherwise provided.
- (2) Advertising and labeling include the promotional material described in § 202.1(1) (1) and (2) respectively.
- (3) Any material change includes but is not limited to any change in the name of the drug, any change in the identity or quantity of the active ingredient(s), any change in the identity or quantity of the inactive ingredient(s) where quantitative listing of all ingredients is required by §207.31(a)(2), any significant change in the labeling of a prescription drug, and any significant change in the label or package insert of an over-the-counter drug. Changes that are not significant include changes in arrangement or printing or changes of an editorial nature.
- (4) Bulk drug substance means any substance that is represented for use in a drug and that, when used in the manufacturing, processing, or packaging of a drug, becomes an active ingredient or a finished dosage form of the drug, but the term does not include intermediates used in the synthesis of such substances
- (5) Commercial distribution means any distribution of a human drug except for investigational use under part 312 of this chapter, and any distribution of an animal drug or animal feed bearing or